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Exploration and Practice of Ideological and Political Mode of Macroeconomics Course

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Abstract Macroeconomics has established the course ideological and political model of “one body two wings three paths and five methods”. Among them “one body” refers to the main line of teaching “two wings” refers to the professional content and ideological and political content and “three paths” refers to the guidance before class infiltration in class and teaching after class. The five methods refer to “analyzing theory talking about reality citing research debating and learning and solving goals”. Through the ideological and political mode of this course the professional content and ideological and political content can be realized in the same direction. The professional wing takes “gross domestic product” as the main line. The ideological and political Wing takes “Xi Jinping thought of socialism with the Chinese characteristic in new era” as the main line and refines the ideological and political essence of the course by centering on its six major contents such as high-quality development and new development concept. The final goal of ideological and political wing is to strengthen students’ confidence in the road and system of socialist construction.

Keywords red resources curriculum ideological and political mode macroeconomics teaching path

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A Study of Urban Marxism and Urban Planning Practice in Contemporary China

——Taking the Urban Design of Shenzhen Bay as an Example

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Abstract The rise of urban Marxism is related to the new situation that Marxism encountered in the development of western cities and the spatial turn in urban studies. The theory and practice of urban planning in modern western countries have reflected the thought of urban Marxism and influenced the urban planning in contemporary China. Based on the study of Marxist urban theory in China this paper traces the origin of four classic planning theories that have profoundly influenced urban planning in China and takes the urban design of Shenzhen Bay super city as an example to explain the urban space production and formation process under the influence of urban Marxism.

Keywords urban Marxism planning theory contemporary China planning practice